Byzantine Empire

1. Diocletion (284-305)
   1. Divided the Roman Empire into \_\_\_\_\_\_ sections (an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_).
   2. He needed more rulers/bases to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the entire empire.
2. Constantine I (312-337)
   1. First “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” emperor
   2. Edict of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allows Christianity to freely exist in Rome.
   3. Council of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      1. Creation of faith principles of Christianity
   4. Moves capital east to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and renames it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      1. The Eastern Roman Empire becomes the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Roman world.
      2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ culture flourishes here.
3. Theodosius
   1. Son of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. Made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the only legal religion
4. Fall of the Western Roman Empire
   1. Difference between East and West
   2. Overrun by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ barbarian tribes
   3. Proposed reasons for destruction?
   4. Internal problems
      1. Failure of Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to change
      2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a Germanic general, deposed the last Western Roman Emperor, Romulus Augustulus, in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Byzantine Empire
   1. Lasts for another \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years
   2. Located in SE \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, SW \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the NE corner of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   3. Created a balance of Christian and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cultures
6. Justinian I (527-565)
   1. Extended Byzantine rule back to the west (short-lived)
   2. Beautified \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (537)—“Church of Holy Wisdom”
   3. Code of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_—uniform legal system based on Roman law